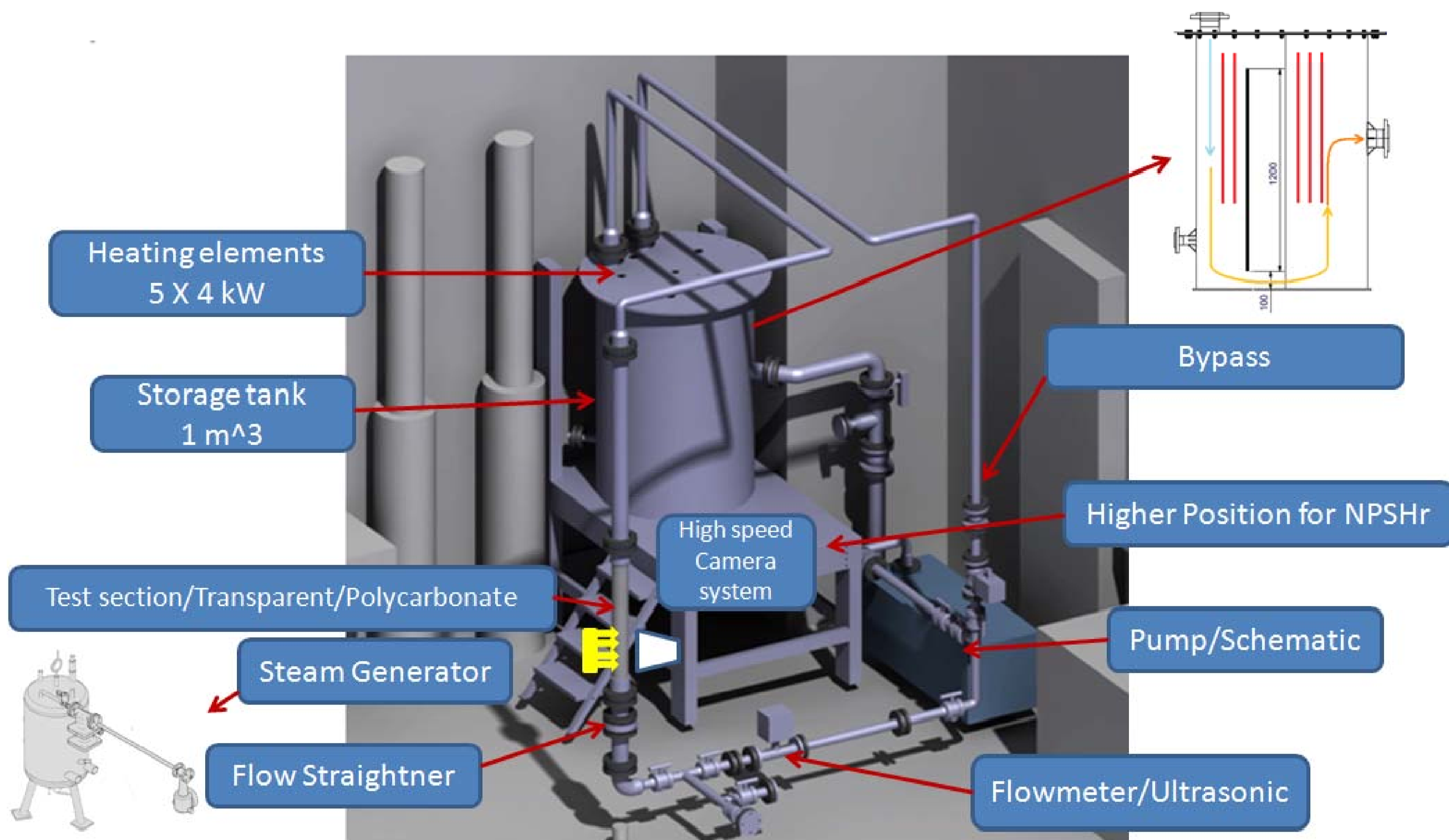




## Experimental facilities for investigation of two-phase flows related to nuclear safety research at NTech

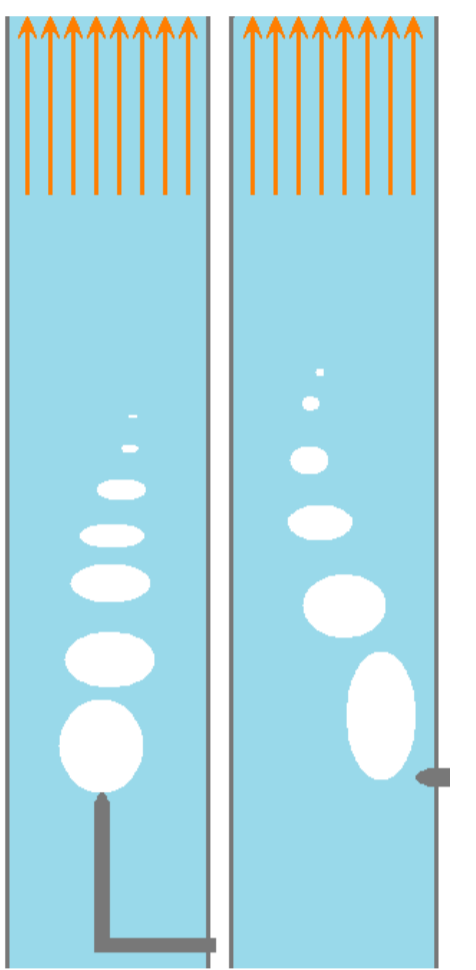
Dipl.-Ing. Suleiman Al Issa

### Facility 1: Steam bubble condensation in flowing sub-cooled water



*Via Isolation of the condensation phenomenon*

→ Better experimental values of interfacial terms such as **heat transfer coefficient** which is bubble size dependent



*Experiments' main parameters*

- Steam superficial velocity  $J_G$
- Water superficial velocity  $J_L$
- Water subcooling temperature  $\Delta T_{sub}$
- Injection nozzle size/ bubble size  $DB$

#### Facility parameters

- Mediums
- Pressure
- Water Temperature
- Water superficial velocity
- Steam superficial velocity
- Injection nozzle size
- Test section

Liquid phase: **DI Water**, Gas phase: **Steam/air**  
~ 1 bar

up to  $\Delta T_{sub}=1$  C (approximately ~ 98 C @ 1bar)

up to **1.3 m/s** in DN100 pipe.

up to **0.5 m/s** in DN100 pipe.

Different sizes/geometries applicable (currently vertical nozzle  $\varnothing 4$  mm)

Large diameter **DN100** transparent pipe, height **1 m**.

### Facility 2: Counter current flow limitation in PWR hot-leg model (CCFL)

*CCFL experimental investigation in large-diameter DN200 pipe geometry*

→ CCFL main occurrence during LOCA /SBLOCA through ECC injection/ or Reflux condensation.

*Experiments' main parameters*

- Non-dimensional Steam/water superficial velocities  $J_G^{*0.5} / J_L^{*0.5}$

*Facility parameters*

- Pressure ~ 1 bar.
- Medium Air/ DI water@room temperatures.
- Test section **N200** pipe geometry.
- Scale **1/3** scaled model of real PWR.
- $J_G^{*0.5} / J_L^{*0.5}$  up to **0.7/0.3**.

#### Experimental 3D Design

